

Spectrum Manufacturing Corp. P. O. Box 87870 Phoenix, AZ 85080 623/434-0097

SDS

Conforms to OSHA HazCom 2012 & CPR Standards

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT AND COMPANY

Product Name: SPECTRUM SILICONIZED ACRYLIC

LATEX CAULKING

(Sanded & Smooth)

Manufacturer Name: Spectrum Manufacturing Corp.

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SDS Revision Date: **06/01/2015**

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical according to OSHA HCS 2012

Hazard Class:

Label sections according to OSHA HCS 2012:

Carcinogenicity 1A (Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure)



Definitions: Danger

Hazard ID: May cause cancer. Cases damage to lungs through prolonged, repeated

use.

Prevention: Do not handle until all safety provisions have been thoroughly read.

Always wear protective gloves, clothing & eye wear. Do not breathe fumes or vapors. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using. Wash hands

thoroughly after handling.

Emergency: If exposed, seek medical attention.

Storage: Secure area.

Disposal: Dispose in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

WHMIS Classifications: Class D2A - carcinogenicity.

Class D2A – chronic toxic effects



Definition: Caution

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS#	Ingredient Percent
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	40-70 by weight
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.5-1.5 by weight
2 Butoxyethenol	57-55-6	1–5 by weight
Naphtha-petro. Hydro treated	64742-48-9	0.1-1 by weight
Silica, crystalline quartz	14808-60-7	15-40 by weight
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1-1 by weight

(Exact % of composition has been withheld as a trade secret)

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Get medical attention, if

irritation or symptoms of overexposure persists.

Skin Contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by

trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Other First Aid: Due to possible aspiration into the lungs, DO NOT induce vomiting if ingested. Provide a glass

of water to dilute the material in the stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have the person

lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability: Nonflammable in accordance to WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

Extinguishing Media: Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water fog or spray when fighting fires

involving this material.

Special hazards arising for chemical: May include, but not limited to: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen.

Protective Equipment: As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved

or equivalent and full protective gear.

NFPA Ratings:

Flammability: 1
Health: 1
Reactivity: 0

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personnel Precautions: Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Spill Cleanup Measures: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste

container. Provide ventilation. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the

protective equipment section.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING and STORAGE

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, and

incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Hygiene Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid inhaling vapor or mist.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION - EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

Components with workplace control parameters:

 Chemical Name
 OSHA-PEL
 ACGIH-TLV

 Calcium carbonate
 15mg/m³ (total); 5mg/m³ (resp)
 10mg/m³

 $((10 \text{mg/m}^3)/(\% \text{SiO}_2 + 2) \text{ TWA (resp)})$ $((30 \text{mg/m}^3)/(\% \text{SiO}_2 + 2) \text{ TWA (total)})$

Silica, crystalline quartz ((250)/(%Si0₂+5) mppcf TWA (resp)) 0.025mg/m³

2 ButoxyethanolN/AN/ATitanium dioxide15mg/m³ (total dust)10mg/m³Naptha-petro, hydro treatedN/AN/ACarbon black3.5mg/m³3mg/m³

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or

other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection,

training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA

eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.

Skin Protection Description: Chemical-resistant gloves and chemical goggles, face-shield and synthetic apron or coveralls

should be used to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Wear appropriate protective gloves. Consult glove manufacturer's data for permeability data.

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be

permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not

provide adequate protection.

Other Protective: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a

safety shower.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Smooth paste
Color: Various colors
Odor: Mild acrylic

Odor threshold: N/A

Physical state: Liquid

pH: 7.0 – 9.0

Melting point/freezing point: N/A

Initial boiling point & boiling range: N/A

Flash Point: >93.3C (200°F)

Evaporation rate: N/A

Flammability: Not flammable

Lower flammability/explosive limit: N/A
Upper flammability/explosive limit N/A
Vapor Pressure: N/A
Vapor Density: >1

Relative density/specific gravity: 1.50 - 1.70 Solubility: N/A Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water N/A Auto-ignition temperature: N/A Decomposition temperature: N/A Viscosity: N/A Oxidizing properties: N/A **Explosive properties:** N/A

VOC content, g/1: <1.5 by weight

SECTION 10 - STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Hazardous Polymerization: Not reported.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, flames, incompatible materials, and freezing or temperatures below 32 deg. F.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents. Strong acids and alkalis.

Special Decomposition Products: Incomplete combustion may produce carbon monoxide and other toxic gases.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely routes of exposure: Skin & eye contact, inhalation & ingestion.

Symptoms related to physical, chemical, toxicological characteristics:

Eye: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear

production, with possible redness and swelling.

Skin: May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of

skin.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed and may cause nausea or vomiting.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure causes damage to

the lungs.

Acute toxicity:

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50
Calcium carbonate	N/A	Oral 6450 mg/kg, rat
Silica, crystalline quartz	N/A	Oral TD₁₀ 120g/kg, rat
2 Butoxyethanol	N/A	Derm. 20800mg/kg, rabbit Oral 20000mg/kg, rat
Titanium dioxide	N/A	Derm.>10000mg/kg, rabbit Oral >10000mg/kg, rat
Naptha-petro, hydro treated	N/A	Derm.>3160mg/kg, rabbit Oral >5000mg/kg, rat
Carbon black	N/A	Derm. >3g/kg, rabbit Oral>15400 mg/kg, rat

Chemical listed as carcinogen or potential carcinogen:

Chemical NameCarcinogen ClassificationSilica, crystalline quartzG-A2, I-1, N-1, 0, CP65Titanium dioxideG-A4, I-2B, 0, CP65Carbon blackG-A3, I-2B, 0, CP65

Delayed, immediate & chronic effects of short/long term exposure:

Skin irritation-sensitivity

Eye damage/irritation

Respiratory:

No standards present

Chronic health effects:

Carcinogenicity
 Germ cell mutagenicity
 May cause cancer
 No standards present

Reproductive toxicity:

Developmental
 Teratogenicity
 Embryo toxicity
 Fertility
 No standards present
 No standards present
 No standards present
 No standards present
 STOT – repeated exposure
 Aspiration hazard
 No standards present

Toxicologically synergistic materials N/A
Other information N/A

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Harmful to the aquatic surroundings

Persistence & degradability: N/A
Bio accumulative potential: N/A
Mobility in soil: N/A
Other adverse effects: N/A

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of

hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance

to local, state, provincial and federal regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number: DOT – not regulated TDG – not regulated

Hazard class:DOT – N/ATDG – N/APacking group:DOT – N/ATDG – N/AEnvironmental hazards:Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulationsSpecial precautions for user:Do not handle until all precautions have been read and understood.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical specific – safety, health & environmental regulations/legislations:

United States: SDS prepared pursuant to the OSHA HCS (CFR29

1910.1200).

Canada: This product has been classified in accordance with the

hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the

Controlled Products Regulations.

SARA Title III:

<u>Chemical</u>	CERCLA	Sec. 302	Sec. 304	Sec. 313
Calcium carbonate	N/L	N/L	N/L	N/L
Silica, crystalline quartz	N/L	N/L	N/L	N/L
2-Butoxyethanol	N/L	N/L	N/L	N/L
Titanium dioxide	N/L	N/L	N/L	N/L
Naphtha-petro hydro treated	N/L	N/L	N/L	N/L
Carbon black	N/L	N/L	N/L	N/L

California proposition 65: This product contains chemicals known to the State

of California to cause cancer. (Silica – crystalline

1

quartz, Titanium dioxide, Carbon black)

Global Inventories:

<u>Chemical</u>	Canada DSL/NDSL	USA TSCA
Calcium carbonate	NDSL	Yes
Silica, crystalline quartz	DSL	Yes
2-Butoxyethanol	DSL	Yes
Titanium dioxide	DSL	Yes
Naphtha-petro hydro treated	DSL	Yes
Carbon black	DSL	Yes

Health

Fire	1
Chemical reactivity	0
HMIS rating:	
Health	1
Fire	1
Physical hazard	0
(Rating: 0=minimal 1=slight 2=moderate 3=severe 4=extreme	

SECTION 16 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Source agency carcinogen classifications:

OSHA (O)	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
ACGIH (G)	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
A1	Confirmed human carcinogen
A2	Suspected human carcinogen
A3	Animal carcinogen. "Available evidence suggests that the agent is not likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure."
A4	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. "There are inadequate data on which to classify the agent in terms of its carcinogenicity in humans and/or animals."
A5	Not suspected as a human carcinogen
IARC (1)	International Agency for Research on Cancer (World Health Organization
1	The agent (mixture) is carcinogenic to humans
2A	The agent (mixture) is probably carcinogenic to humans; there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.
2B	The agent (mixture) is possibly carcinogenic to humans; there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans in the absence of sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.
3	The agent (mixture, exposure circumstance) is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
4	The agent (mixture, exposure circumstance) is probably not carcinogenic to humans.
NTP (N)	National Toxicology Program (Health and Human Services Dept. Public Health Service, NIH/NIEHS
1	Known to be carcinogens
2	Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens
CP65	California Proposition 65, "Chemicals Known to the State to Cause Cancer."

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